This document is referenced in an endnote at the Bradford Tax Institute, CLICK HERE to go to the home page.

## <u>8949</u>

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Name(s) shown on return

## **Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets**

File with your Schedule D to list your transactions for lines 1b, 2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D. Go to www.irs.gov/Form8949 for instructions and the latest information.

OMB No. 1545-0074

Attachment

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Sequence No. 12A

Before you check Box A, B, or C below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part I

Short-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held 1 year or less are generally short-term (see instructions). For long-term transactions, see page 2.

Note: You may aggregate all short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 1a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You must check Box A. B. or C below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your short-term transactions. complete a separate Form 8949, page 1, for each applicable box. If you have more short-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(A) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

	(B) Short-term transactions			_	sis <b>wasn't</b> report	ed to the II	RS	
	(C) Short-term transactions	not reported	to you on F	orm 1099-B	1	T		
<b>1</b> Descrip (Example:	<b>(a)</b> Description of property	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis See the <b>Note</b> below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions.	See the separate instructions.		(h) Gain or (loss) Subtract column (e)
	(Example: 100 sh. XYZ Ćo.)					(f) Code(s) from instructions	<b>(g)</b> Amount of adjustment	from column (d) and combine the result with column (g).
2	Totals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each total Schedule D, line 1b (if Box A above above is checked), or line 3 (if Box C)	al here and incl is checked), <b>lin</b>	ude on your le 2 (if Box B					

Note: If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See Column (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

Form 8949 (2024) Attachment Sequence No. 12A Page 2

Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

## Part II

**Long-Term.** Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are generally long-term (see instructions). For short-term transactions, see page 1.

**Note:** You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box D, E, *or* F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(D) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

	(E) Long-term transactions			_	is <b>wasn't</b> report	ed to the IF	RS	
	(F) Long-term transactions	not reported	to you on Fo	orm 1099-B	Ι			
1	(a)  Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis See the <b>Note</b> below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions.	See the separate instructions.		(h) Gain or (loss) Subtract column (e) from column (d) and
						Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	combine the result with column (g).
neg	tals. Add the amounts in columns gative amounts). Enter each tota nedule D, line 8b (if Box D above	al here and incl	lude on your					

**Note:** If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

above is checked), or line 10 (if Box F above is checked) .